

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CHEMMASTERS RUBBER POOL PAINT VARIOUS COLORS

DATE OF
DEC 8, 2021

SECTION 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME CHEMMASTERS RUBBER POOL PAINT VARIOUS COLORS
PRODUCT NUMBER FG5601, FG5603, FG5629, FG5656
RECOMMENDED USE Swimming Pool Paint (concrete)
APPLICATION METHOD : Roller, Brush or Spray
MANUFACTURER : ChemMasters Inc.
300 Edwards Street
Madison, OH 44057
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER : 1-800-424-9300
TECHNICAL PHONE NUMBER : 1-440-428-2105

SECTION 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHAHCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture : COMBUSTABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 10.08%

GHS label elements :

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word : **Danger**

Hazard statements :

Precautionary statements
General

Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe vapor.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage

: Store locked up

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

SECTION 2 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Supplemental label
: elements**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazard statements

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements
Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label
elements**

DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

**Hazards not otherwise
classified**

None known.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/mixture	Mixture
Other means of identification	Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

NAME	CAS#	% (W/W)
barium sulfate	7727-43-7	28.7
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	14.7
petroleum naphtha	6472-89-8	9.6
PCBTF	98-56-6	9.6
mineral spirits	64742-88-7	9.0
calcined kaolin	92704-41-1	6.0
chlorinated paraffin	63449-39-8	3.9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**Description of necessary first aid measures****Eye contact**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**Potential acute health effects****Eye contact**

Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Ingestion Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Irritation
Redness
reduced fetal weight
skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Use dry chemical, water spray (fog) or foam

Unsuitable extinguishing Media Do Not use water jet

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures****For non-emergency personnel**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**Precautions for safe handling****Protective Measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters Occupational exposure limits
Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
PCBTF	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4I2014). TWA - 2.5 mg/m3
mineral spirits	OSHA PEL (United States, 2I2013). TWA - 2.5 mg/m3
	TWA - 2.5 mg/m3 (vacated)
	TWA - 2.5 mg/m3 (dust)
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4I2014). TWA - 525 mg/m3 8 hours
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2I2013). TWA -1900mg/m3
Petroleum naphtha	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4I2014). TWA - 300 ppm 8 hours
	TWA - 1370 mg/m3 8 hours
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2I2013). TWA - 500 ppm 8 hours
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4I2014). TWA - 10 mg/m3
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 2I2013). TWA - 10 mg/m3 (vacated)
	TWA - 15 mg/m3

Appropriate engineering

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene Measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/Face Protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State	Liquid
Flash Point	Closed cup: >45°C (>113°F)
Explosion limits	Not available
Color	White
Odor	Not available
pH	Not Available
Boiling/condensation point	Not available
Melting/freezing point	Not available
Specific gravity	1.612
Density (lbs/gal)	13.423
Vapor pressure	Not available
Volatility	47.78% (v/v), 28.17% (w/w)
Evaporation rate	Slower than ether
Solubility	Not soluble in the following materials: water
Coating V.O.C.	338 gms/liter
Pa V.O.C.	4.775 lbs. VOC per lb coatings solids
Partition coefficient: noctanol/water	Not available
% Solid. (w/w)	71.83%

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients
Chemical stability	The product is stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	..
Conditions to avoid	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Incompatible materials	No specific data
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

[Information on toxicological effects](#)
[Acute Toxicity](#)

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observations
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Moderate Irritant Skin - Mild Irritant	Rabbit Human	-	100 Percent 72 hours 300 micrograms Intermittent	- -

Sensitization

Not available

Mutagenicity

Not available

Carcinogenicity

Not Available

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

Reproductive toxicity:

Not available

Teratogenicity :

Not Available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not available

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes eye irritation

Inhalation

: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure

Skin Contact

: Cause skin irritation. May cause an allergic reaction.

Ingestion

: Can Cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation Redness reduced fetal weight skeletal malformations
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**Short term exposure****Potential immediate effects** Not available**Potential delayed effects** Not available**Long term exposure****Potential immediate effects** Not available**Potential delayed effects** Not available**Potential chronic health effects** Not available**General**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards

Fertility effects

Suspected of damaging fertility

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Chlorinated Parafin	Acute LC50 > 0.1 mg/l, Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Titanium Dioxide	-	352	Low

Mobility in Soil
Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available




Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263.	UN1263.	UN1263.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	-
Transport hazard class(es)			3 	3 	3 
Packing group	III	III	III	III	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions (ERG#128)	Special provisions Not Applicable	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Refer to Section 7: **HANDLING AND STORAGE** and Section 8: **EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION** for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. **Accidental release measures**

Special precautions for user

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not available..

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATIONFederal regulationsState regulationsCalifornia Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATIONHazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	2
Flammability	2
Physical hazards	1

Caution HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

he customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
Date of previous issue: February 6, 2020

Organization that prepared the SDS: ChemMasters Inc.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by ChemMasters Inc., and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.